

Figure 1: The structure function  $F_2$  as a function of  $x$  for various  $Q^2$  values, exhibiting Bjorken scaling, taken from [Ellis/Stirling/Webber]

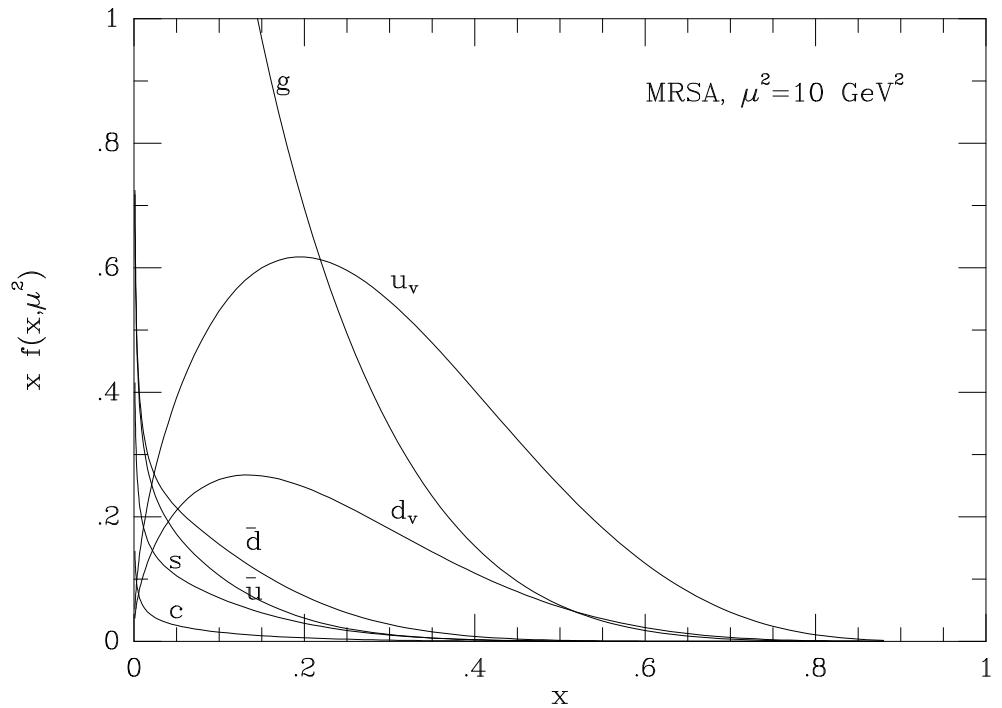


Figure 2: Parton distribution function set A from the Martin-Roberts-Stirling group, taken from [Ellis/Stirling/Webber]. Note that this uses the common notation of defining valence quark distributions,  $f_{u_v} \equiv f_u - f_{\bar{u}}$ ,  $f_{d_v} \equiv f_d - f_{\bar{d}}$ .

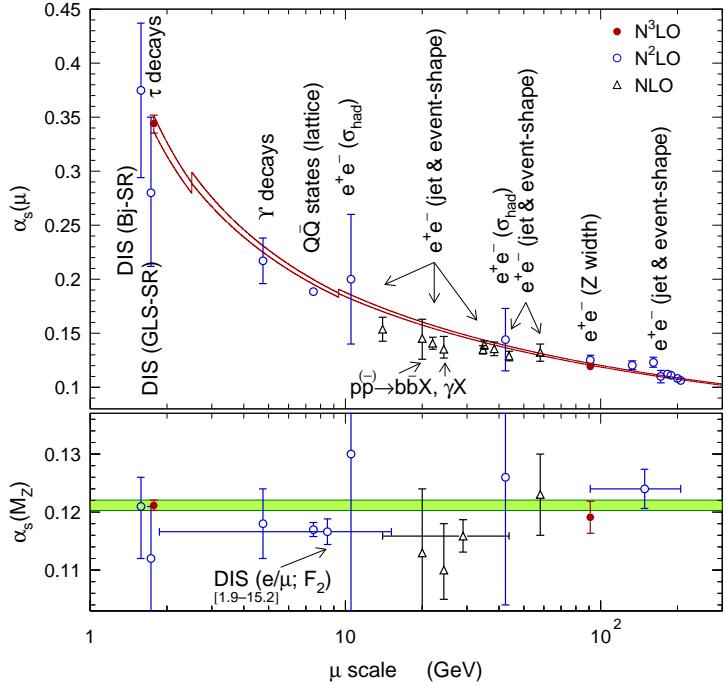


Figure 3: Results of a recent compilation of  $\alpha_s$  values, see [arXiv:0803.0979 [hep-ph], arXiv:hep-ex/0606035]. The scale dependence shows excellent agreement with the predictions of perturbative QCD over a wide energy range. When translated into measurements of  $\alpha_s(M_z)$ , the separate measurements cluster strongly around the average value,  $\alpha_s(M_z) = 0.1204 \pm 0.0009$

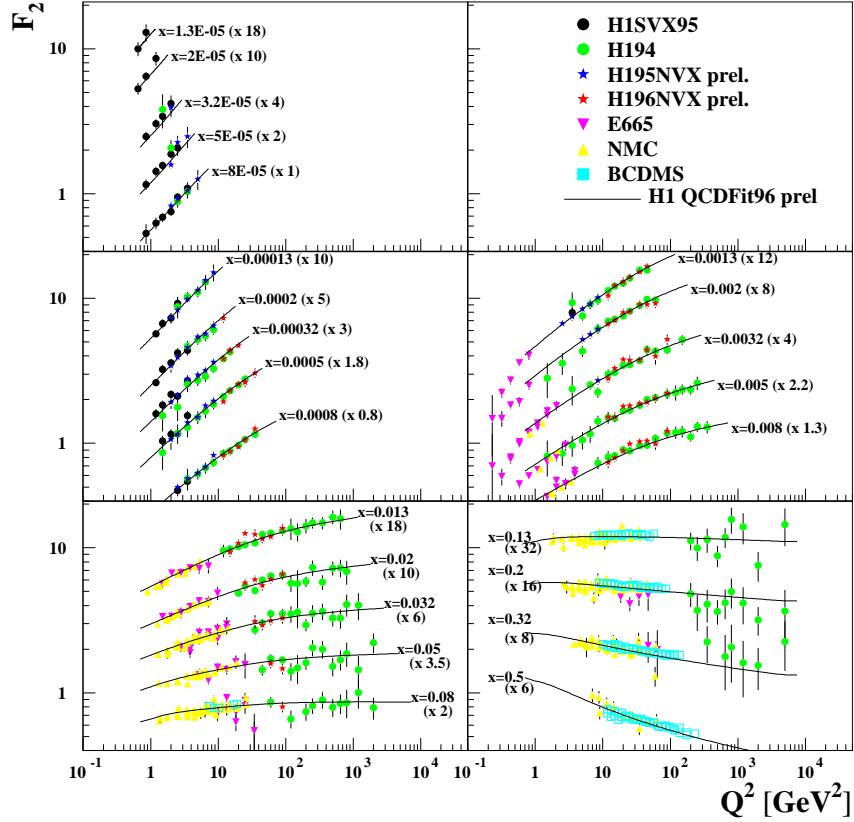


Figure 4: Fit to the  $F_2$  data over a wide range of  $Q^2$  values, exhibiting violation of Bjorken scaling