

53 (a) $V = \int_0^R dr r^2 \int_0^{\pi/2} d\vartheta \sin(\vartheta) \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi \cdot 1$
 $= \left(\left[\frac{1}{3} r^3 \right]_0^R \right) \cdot \left(\left[-\cos(\vartheta) \right]_0^{\pi/2} \right) \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{1}{3} R^3 \cdot 1 \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi R^3}{6} \quad \text{D} \Rightarrow \rho = \frac{6M}{\pi R^3} \quad \text{D}$

(b) allg. $\vec{R} = \int_0^R dr r^2 \int_0^{\pi/2} d\vartheta \sin(\vartheta) \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi \cdot \frac{1}{M} \rho(r) \vec{r} = \frac{6}{\pi R^3}$, hängt nicht v. r ab.

$R_3 = \frac{6}{\pi R^3} \int_0^R dr r^3 \int_0^{\pi/2} d\vartheta \frac{\sin(\vartheta) \cos(\vartheta)}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi = \frac{6}{\pi R^3} \cdot \frac{1}{4} R^4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{3}{8} R \quad \bullet$

$R_1 = \frac{6}{\pi R^3} \int_0^R dr r^3 \int_0^{\pi/2} d\vartheta \frac{\sin^2(\vartheta)}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi \cos(\varphi) = \frac{6}{\pi R^3} \cdot \frac{1}{4} R^4 \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot 1 = \frac{3}{8} R \quad \text{D}$
 $= \frac{6}{\pi R^3} \int_0^R dr r^3 \int_0^{\pi/2} d\vartheta \frac{1}{2} (\vartheta - \cos(\vartheta) \sin(\vartheta))$

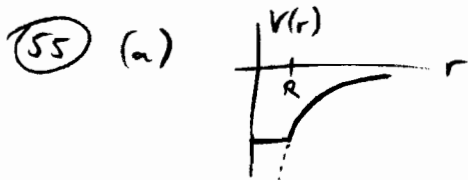
$R_2 = \frac{6}{\pi R^3} \int_0^R dr r^3 \int_0^{\pi/2} d\vartheta \sin^2(\vartheta) \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi \sin(\varphi) = \frac{6}{\pi R^3} \cdot \frac{1}{4} R^4 \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot 1 = \frac{3}{8} R \quad \text{D}$

54 (a) $(\Gamma - \Gamma') = |r+r'| - |r-r'| = \begin{cases} r < r': 2r \\ r > r': 2r' \end{cases} \quad \text{D}$

$\Rightarrow V(r) = -\gamma m 4\pi \left(\frac{1}{r} \int_0^r dr' r'^2 \rho(r') + \int_r^\infty dr' r' \rho(r') \right) \quad \text{D}$

(b) $V_{\text{innen}} = -\gamma m 4\pi \rho_0 \left(\frac{1}{r} \int_0^r dr' r'^2 + \int_r^R dr' r' \right) = \gamma m 4\pi \rho_0 \left(\frac{r^2}{6} - \frac{R^2}{2} \right) \quad \bullet$

(c) $\frac{1}{r} \partial_r \partial_r (-\gamma m 4\pi) \left(\int_0^r dr' r'^2 \rho + r \int_r^\infty dr' r' \rho \right) = -\gamma m 4\pi \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_r \left(\int_r^\infty dr' r' \rho(r') \right) = \gamma m 4\pi \rho(r) \quad \bullet$



Kugelschale, Vol. = $\frac{4\pi}{3} ((r+dr)^3 - r^3) = 4\pi dr r^2 (+0(dr^2))$
 Masse = $\rho \cdot \text{Vol.}$ D

$dV = \{ \rho \rightarrow \rho \cdot \text{Vol.}, R \rightarrow r' \} = -\gamma m \rho 4\pi dr' r'^2 \begin{cases} \frac{1}{r'} & (r < r') \\ \frac{1}{r} & (r > r') \end{cases} \quad \text{D}$

$V(r > R_E) = \int_0^{R_E} dr' (-\gamma m \rho 4\pi) r'^2 \frac{1}{r} = -\gamma m \rho 4\pi \frac{1}{3} R_E^3 \frac{1}{r} = -\gamma m M_E / r \quad \text{D}$

$V_{\text{innen}}(r) = V(r < R_E) = -\gamma m \rho 4\pi \left(\int_0^r dr' \frac{r'^2}{r} + \int_r^{R_E} dr' \frac{r'^2}{r'} \right) = \gamma m \rho 4\pi \left(\frac{r^2}{6} - \frac{R_E^2}{2} \right) \quad \text{D}$

(b) Schicht, Vol. = $dz' \cdot \pi (R_E^2 - z'^2)$, Masse = $\rho \cdot \text{Vol.}$

$dV = \{ \rho \rightarrow \rho \cdot \text{Vol.}, R \rightarrow \sqrt{R_E^2 - z'^2}, z \rightarrow z - z' \} = -\gamma m \rho 2\pi dz' \left(\sqrt{R_E^2 + z'^2 - 2zz'} - |z - z'| \right) \quad \text{D}$

$V(z > R_E) = -\gamma m \rho 2\pi \int_{-R_E}^{R_E} dz' \left(\sqrt{R_E^2 + z'^2 - 2zz'} - z + z' \right) = \int_{-R_E}^{R_E} dz' \left[-\frac{1}{3z} (R_E^2 + z'^2 - 2zz')^{3/2} - z z' + \frac{z'^2}{2} \right]$
 $= -\gamma m \rho 2\pi \left\{ -\frac{1}{3z} \left[((z - R_E)^2)^{3/2} - ((z + R_E)^2)^{3/2} \right] - 2R_E z \right\} = -\gamma m \rho 2\pi \frac{2}{3} R_E^3 \frac{1}{z} \quad \text{D}$

$V(-R_E < z < R_E) = -\gamma m \rho 2\pi \left\{ \int_{-R_E}^z dz' \left(\sqrt{R_E^2 - z'^2} - z + z' \right) + \int_z^{R_E} dz' \left(\sqrt{R_E^2 - z'^2} - z' + z \right) \right\}$
 $= -\gamma m \rho 2\pi \left\{ -\frac{1}{3z} \left[((R_E - z)^2)^{3/2} - ((R_E + z)^2)^{3/2} \right] - z^2 - R_E^2 \right\} = \gamma m \rho 4\pi \left(\frac{z^2}{6} - \frac{R_E^2}{2} \right) \quad \text{D}$