## Tutorial sheet 11

Discussion topic: linear response

## 22. Static linear response

Consider a system governed by a Hamiltonian  $\hat{\mathsf{H}}_0$ , in thermodynamic equilibrium at temperature T. Let  $Z_0(\beta)$  and  $\langle \cdot \rangle_0$  denote the corresponding (canonical) partition function and averages, with as usual  $\beta = 1/k_B T$ .

The system is perturbed, which amounts to a *static* modification of the Hamiltonian  $\hat{H} = \hat{H}_0 - a\hat{A}$ , leading to a new equilibrium. We wish to compute  $\langle \hat{B} \rangle_a \equiv \text{Tr}[e^{-\beta \hat{H}} \hat{B}]/Z_a(\beta)$ , where  $Z_a(\beta) \equiv \text{Tr} e^{-\beta \hat{H}}$ . For that purpose, Duhamel's formula

$$e^{-\beta \hat{H}} = e^{-\beta \hat{H}_0} - \int_0^\beta e^{-(\beta - \lambda)\hat{H}_0} \hat{W} e^{-\lambda \hat{H}} d\lambda \quad \text{for } \hat{H} = \hat{H}_0 + \hat{W}$$
 (1)

will be exploited.

i. Compute first  $Z_a(\beta)$  in function of  $Z_0(\beta)$  and  $\langle \hat{A} \rangle_0$  to first order in a. What does this give for the free energy of the perturbed system?

ii. Show that

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left[e^{-\beta\hat{\mathsf{H}}}\hat{\mathsf{B}}\right] = Z_0(\beta) \left[ \langle \hat{\mathsf{B}} \rangle_0 + a \int_0^\beta \left\langle \hat{\mathsf{A}}(-i\hbar\lambda)\,\hat{\mathsf{B}} \right\rangle_0 d\lambda + \mathcal{O}(a^2) \right],$$

where  $\hat{A}(t) \equiv e^{i\hat{H}_0 t/\hbar} \hat{A} e^{-i\hat{H}_0 t/\hbar}$  denotes the interaction-picture representation of  $\hat{A}$ .

iii. Deduce from the results to the first two questions the identity  $\langle \hat{\mathsf{B}} \rangle_a = \langle \hat{\mathsf{B}} \rangle_0 + \chi_{\mathsf{BA}}^{\mathsf{stat.}} a + \mathcal{O}(a^2)$ , where the static response function is given by

$$\chi_{\mathsf{B}\mathsf{A}}^{\mathrm{stat.}} \equiv \int_0^\beta \left[ \left\langle \hat{\mathsf{A}}(-\mathrm{i}\hbar\lambda)\,\hat{\mathsf{B}} \right\rangle_0 - \langle \hat{\mathsf{A}} \rangle_0 \langle \hat{\mathsf{B}} \rangle_0 \right] \mathrm{d}\lambda.$$

Can you relate  $\chi_{BA}^{\text{stat.}}$  for  $\langle \hat{A} \rangle_0 \langle \hat{B} \rangle_0 = 0$  to one of the correlation functions encountered in the lecture?

iv. If you still have time... can you show Duhamel's formula (1)?

*Hint*: Find a differential equation obeyed by  $e^{-\beta \hat{H}}$ , viewed as function of  $\beta$ .

## 23. Nonlinear response

We want to investigate the first nonlinear correction to the response of the observable  $\hat{B}$  of a system in equilibrium to an external perturbation  $-a(t) \hat{A}$ . Writing

$$\left\langle \hat{\mathsf{B}}(t) \right\rangle_{\text{n.eq.}} = \left\langle \hat{\mathsf{B}} \right\rangle_{\text{eq.}} + \int \chi_{\mathsf{BA}}^{(1)}(t,t') \, a(t') \, \mathrm{d}t' + \int \chi_{\mathsf{BA}}^{(2)}(t,t',t'') \, a(t') \, a(t'') \, \mathrm{d}t' \, \mathrm{d}t'' + \mathcal{O}(a^3),$$

where the integrals run over R, show that the nonlinearity of second order involves the response function

$$\chi_{\mathsf{BA}}^{(2)}(t,t',t'') = \frac{1}{(\mathrm{i}\hbar)^2}\,\Theta(t-t')\,\Theta(t-t'')\,\Big\langle \Big[ \big[\hat{\mathsf{B}}(t),\hat{\mathsf{A}}(t')\big],\hat{\mathsf{A}}(t'') \Big] \Big\rangle_{\!\!\!\mathrm{eq.}}.$$